



MiniSKiiP® 0

3-phase bridge inverter + brake chopper

SKiiP 04ACB066V1

Target Data

Features

- Trench IGBT's
- Robust and soft freewheeling diodes in CAL technology
- Highly reliable spring contacts for electrical connections
- UL recognised file no. E63532

Typical Applications

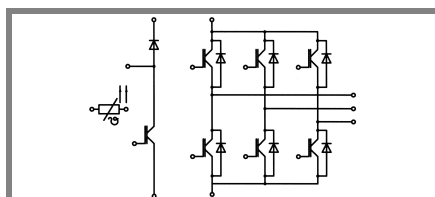
- Inverter up to 6,3 kVA
- Typical motor power 4 kW

Remarks

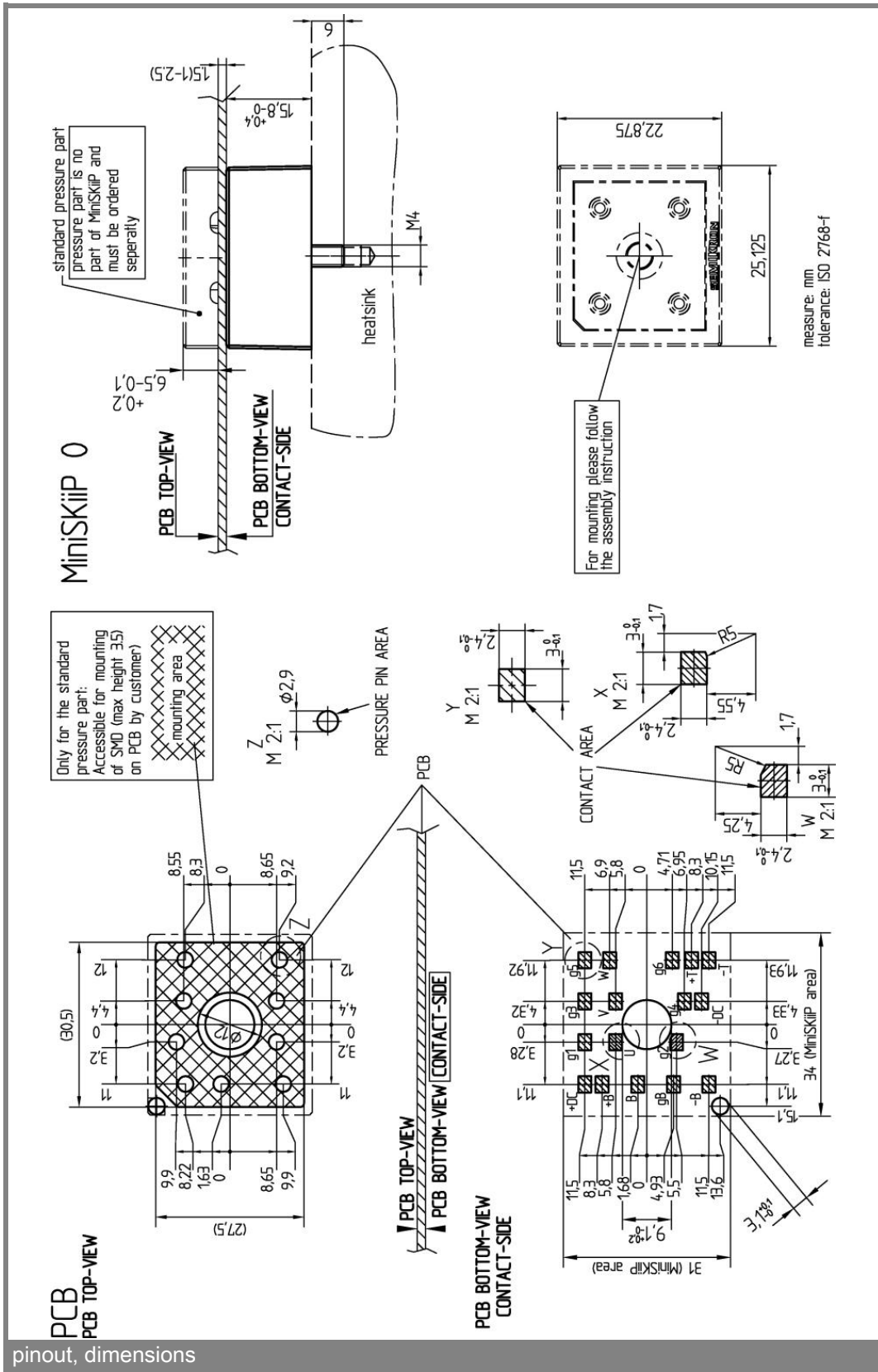
- Case temperature limited to $T_C=125^{\circ}\text{C}$ max.
- Product reliability results are valid for $T_j=150^{\circ}\text{C}$
- V_{CEsat} , V_F = chip level value

Absolute Maximum Ratings		$T_S = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified	
Symbol	Conditions	Values	Units
IGBT - Inverter			
V_{CES}		600	V
I_C	$T_S = 25 (70)^{\circ}\text{C}$, $T_j = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	26 (20)	A
I_C	$T_S = 25 (70)^{\circ}\text{C}$, $T_j = 175^{\circ}\text{C}$	27 (22)	A
V_{GES}		± 20	V
T_j		-40 ... +175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Diode - Inverter			
I_F	$T_S = 25 (70)^{\circ}\text{C}$, $T_j = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	25 (19)	A
I_F	$T_S = 25 (70)^{\circ}\text{C}$, $T_j = 175^{\circ}\text{C}$	28 (22)	A
T_j		-40 ... +175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
I_{RMS}	per power terminal (20 A / spring)	20	A
T_{stg}	$T_{op} \leq T_{stg}$	-40 ... +125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
V_{isol}	AC, 1 min.	2500	V

Characteristics		$T_S = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified			
Symbol	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Units
IGBT - Inverter					
V_{CEsat}	$I_C = 20 \text{ A}$, $T_j = 25 (150)^{\circ}\text{C}$	1,1	1,45 (1,65)	1,85 (2,05)	V
$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}$, $I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$		5,8		V
$V_{CE(TO)}$	$T_j = 25 (150)^{\circ}\text{C}$		0,9 (0,85)	1 (0,9)	V
r_T	$T_j = 25 (150)^{\circ}\text{C}$		30 (43)	45 (60)	m Ω
C_{ies}	$V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$, $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		-		nF
C_{oes}	$V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$, $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		-		nF
C_{res}	$V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$, $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		-		nF
$R_{CC+EE'}$	spring contact-chip $T_s = 25 (150)^{\circ}\text{C}$				m Ω
$R_{th(j-s)}$	per IGBT		1,7		K/W
$t_{d(on)}$	under following conditions		20		ns
t_r	$V_{CC} = 300 \text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = -8 \text{ V} / +15 \text{ V}$		30		ns
$t_{d(off)}$	$I_C = 20 \text{ A}$, $T_j = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$		180		ns
t_f	$R_{Gon} = R_{Goff} = 15 \Omega$		50		ns
$E_{on}(E_{off})$	inductive load		0,75		mJ
Diode - Inverter					
$V_F = V_{EC}$	$I_F = 20 \text{ A}$, $T_j = 25 (150)^{\circ}\text{C}$		1,4 (1,4)		V
$V_{(TO)}$	$T_j = 25 (150)^{\circ}\text{C}$		1 (0,9)		V
r_T	$T_j = 25 (150)^{\circ}\text{C}$		20 (25)		m Ω
$R_{th(j-s)}$	per diode		2,5		K/W
I_{RRM}	under following conditions		25		A
Q_{rr}	$I_F = 20 \text{ A}$, $V_R = 300 \text{ V}$		2,3		μC
E_{rr}	$V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$, $T_j = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$ $di_F/dt = 1350 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$		0,2		mJ
Temperature Sensor					
R_{ts}	3 %, $T_r = 25 (100)^{\circ}\text{C}$		1000(1670)		Ω
Mechanical Data					
m			35		g
M_s	Mounting torque	2		2,5	Nm



ACB



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